

CS 5000: Lecture 6

Vladimir Kulyukin

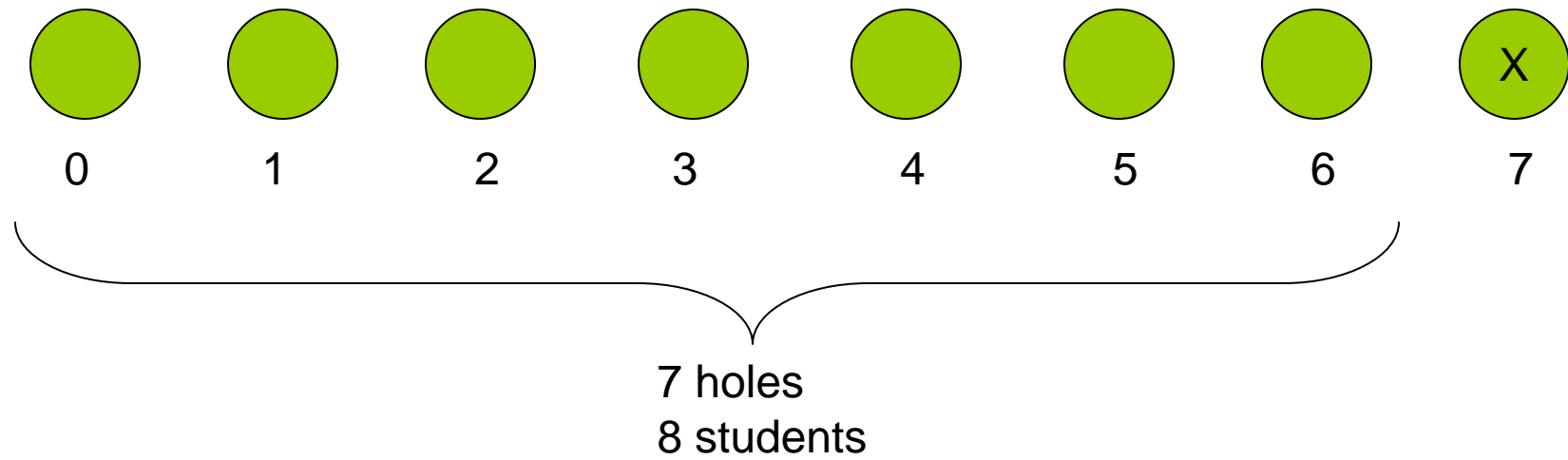
Department of Computer Science

Utah State University

Problem

9 students take a test. Student X makes 7 errors. Each of the other students makes fewer errors. Did at least two students make the same number of errors?

Solution



Pigeon Hole Principle

Formulation 1: If $(n+1)$ pigeons fly through n holes, there is at least **one** hole through which at least **two** pigeons fly.

Formulation 2: If $(n+1)$ objects are distributed among n sets, at least **one** set must contain at least **two** objects.

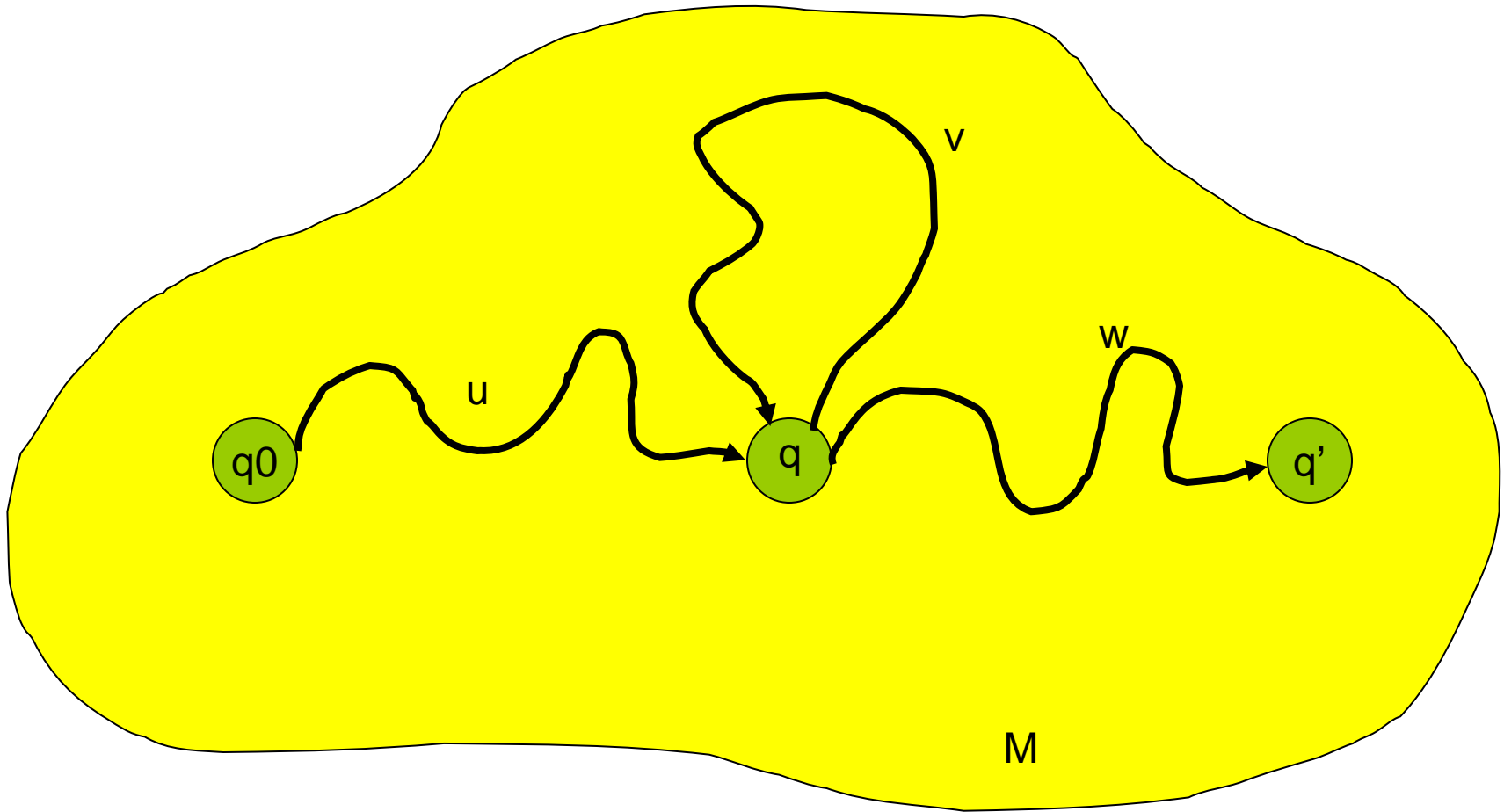
Theorem 6.1 (Ch. 9): The Pumping Lemma

Let $L = L(M)$, where M is a dfa with n states. Let $x \in L$ and $|x| \geq n$. Then we can write $x = uvw$, where $1 \leq |v| \leq n$ and $uv^i w \in L$, for $i \geq 0$.

Proof

- x has at least n symbols.
- M has exactly n states.
- $n+1$ states are required to process n symbols.
- Since M has exactly n states, as it processes x , it must enter the same state at least twice.

Proof



Proof

$$\delta^*(q_0, u) = q.$$

$$\delta^*(q, v) = q.$$

$$\delta^*(q, w) = q' \in F.$$

Proof

1. $v \neq \epsilon$.

2. $\delta^*(q_0, uvw) = \delta^*(q_0, uw) \in F$.

3. $\delta^*(q_0, uvw) = \delta^*(q_0, uvvw) = \delta^*(q_0, uv^i w) \in F$.

4. $v \neq \epsilon$ can be pumped 0, 1, 2, 3... times and the string $uv^i w$ will still be in L .

Example 1

Claim : $\{a^k b^k \mid k \in N\}$ is not regular.

Proof : Let n be the constant of the Pumping Lemma.

Let $z \in L, |z| \geq n$. Then $z = uvw, 1 \leq |v| \leq n$. Then

$z = a^m b^m, m > 0$. There are 3 choices for $v : v = a^+$;

$v = a^+ b^+ ; v = b^+$. If $v = a^+, uv^0 w = a^k b^m, k < m$. Thus,

$uv^0 w \notin L$. If $v = a^+ b^+, uv^2 w$ is a string where a 's follow

b 's. Thus, $uv^2 w \notin L$. If $v = b^+, uv^0 w = a^m b^k, m > k$. Thus,

$uv^0 w \notin L$. In each of the 3 cases, we achieve a contradiction.

Example 2

Claim : $L = \{a^{i^2} / i \in N\}$ is not regular.

Proof : Assume that L is regular. Let n be the constant of the Pumping Lemma. Let $z = a^{n^2}$. Let $z = uvw, 1 \leq |v| \leq n$.

Then $n^2 < |uv^2w| \leq n^2 + n < (n+1)^2$. Thus, $uv^2w \notin L$.

Suggested Reading

- Chapter 9, Section 6.